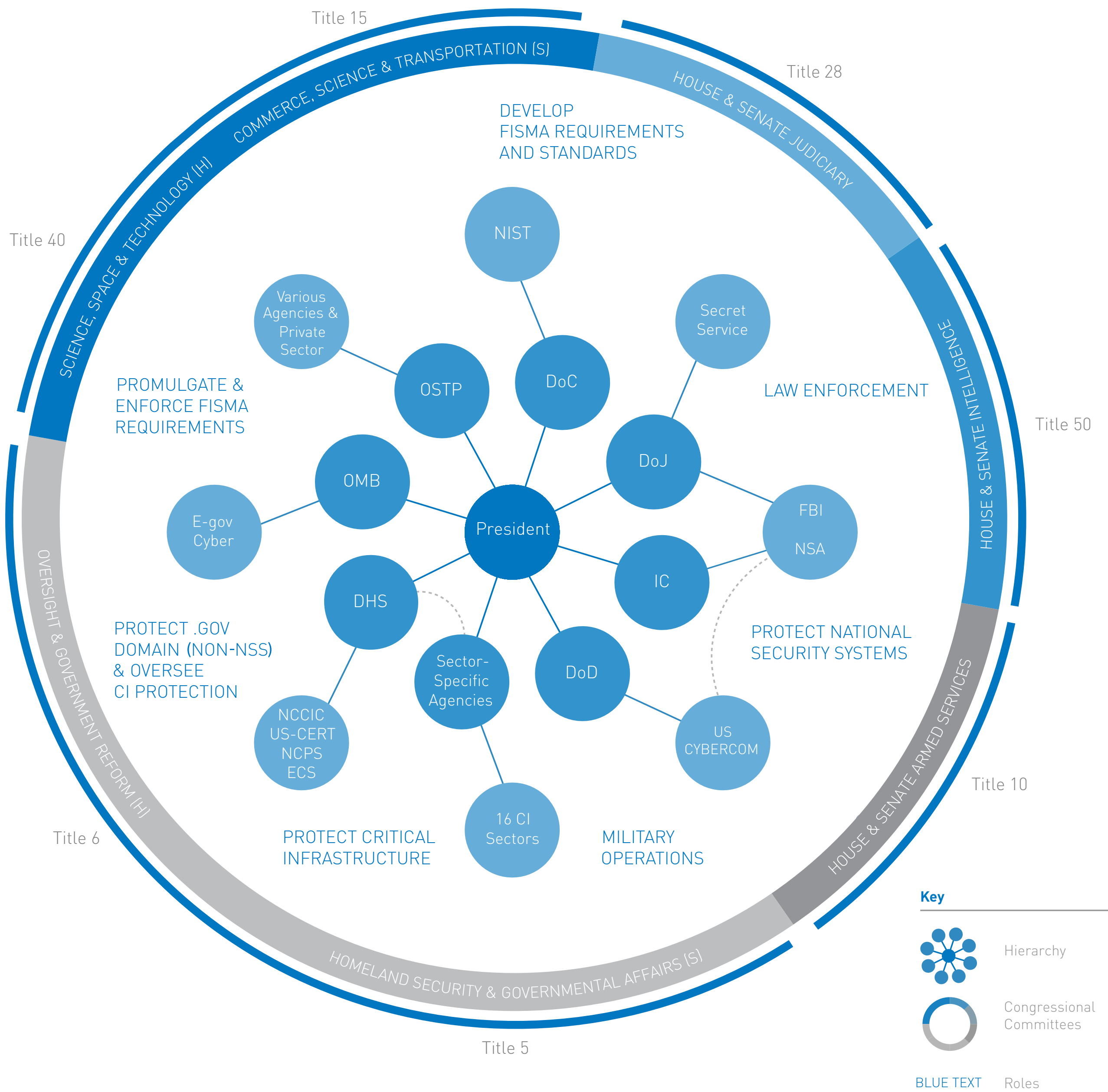


FEDERAL CYBERSECURITY ROLES



Supplementary Information

FEDERAL INFORMATION SECURITY MANAGEMENT ACT (FISMA)

Each federal agency is congressionally mandated to build, execute, and document its own internal initiative focused on cyber security for its unique information and electronic system requirements.

Acronym Key

CI	Critical Infrastructure
DoC	Department of Commerce
DoD	Department of Defense
DHS	Department of Homeland Security
DoJ	Department of Justice
ECS	Enhanced Cybersecurity Services program
FBI	Federal Bureau of Investigation
IC	Intelligence Community
NCCIC	National Cybersecurity and Communications Integration Center
NCPS	National Cybersecurity Protection System
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NSA	National Security Agency
OMB	Office of Management and Budget
OSTP	Office of Science and Technology Policy
US CYBERCOM	US Cyber Command
US-CERT	US Computer Emergency Readiness Team

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY (NIST) FRAMEWORK

The Framework focuses on voluntary cybersecurity risk management options for business groups without the use of additional regulatory requirements.

Title 5 outlines issues related to government organizations and employees in the U.S. Code. OMB activities fall under this category.

Title 6 outlines the role of domestic security in the U.S. Code. Critical infrastructure protection belongs here.

Title 10 outlines the United States' armed forces' role in the U.S. Code and their legal operational placement. It outlines the Department of Defense's and each military branch's organization, mission, and specific role.

Title 15 discusses the role of commerce and trade, so the Department of Commerce's activities are included here.

Title 28 overviews the judiciary and judicial procedure and includes the Department of Justice's activities as a result.

Title 40 outlines the role of public buildings, properties, and public works in the U.S. Code. Information technology acquisition belongs here.

Title 50 specifies war and national defense activities. It defines such issues as espionage, national defense, insurrection, facilities, the reserved forces, and intelligence.

Expands on content from Figure 1: Eric Fischer, "Cybersecurity Issues and Challenges: In Brief," Report No. R43831 (Congressional Research Service, December 16, 2014), 4.